

OFBiz Addons goals, howto use, howto manage

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Agenda

- History of a birth
- Addons principle
- Addons and their environment (extensive program)
- Conclusion





Once upon a time ...

- The history beginning in 2005, with Neogia project
 - To create a B2B ERP for middle size entreprise and follow OFBiz evolution
 - Problem: How to produce the needed improvements (technical and functional) and be involved in OFBiz community (not same business process vision)





Act 1: patches

- Each improvements have been set on a patch file (generate by svn diff)
 - We have a big patch list with all improvements
 - Apply the list by script on OFBiz
- Result → defeat
 - Difficult to manage patches with consistency
 - Too much time to follow OFBiz evolution
 - Manage clash between two or more patches impossible





Act 2: Subversion

- We fork OFBiz on other svn deposit and synchronise OFBiz on root branch
- Result → Defeat
 - When loading a new OFBiz version on root branch, many clashes were present so many corrections needed to be done
 - Difficult to separate improvements
 - Difficult to contribute to OFBiz without wast many time





Act 3: addons

- On 2010 start project Addon manager
 - Create a tool to help resolve problems
 - Switching existing code to an addon structure
 - Planed the end of the Neogia project and the first experimentations
 - Work in progress ... the reason of this conference;)





After 2 years of development

- At this time, addons give the possibility to
 - Follow OFBiz evolution and make it easier to contribute
 - Share improvements for each customer project with separation of specific code
 - Simplify consultant work by dedicating addon by task, help administrator system to deploy customer OFBiz version.





Addons principle: purposes (1/2)

- Follow all modifications realized, since "OFBiz snapshot"
 - Manage addons stacking
- Use similary commands to svn
 - status, diff, revert, ...
- Give a « binairy » format with a version number
 - name-addon-xx.yy.zz.zip





Addons principle: purposes (2/2)

- Include text and binary files on adding, modification et deleting
- File format have to permit to be check by human
- Resist to a clash of modifications
 - Fusion of multiple patch from same file
- Manage all addon dependences





Working

- We work with a tool named Addon manager
- OFBiz environment initialization
 - Create a register base : OFBiz snapshot
- Any modification is identified, we can on it:
 - Record an addon
 - Generate a patch
 - Cancel modification





An addon?

- A modification technical or functional
 - A corrected label
 - A business component
 - A server configuration
- A series of patches UNDER VERSION that progress in the time
- A series of patches :
 - Are in the same directory than the modified file (addon tree);
 - Has an index that give the order of application





Details on the concept of patch

- Two methods of creation depending on files for modifications
 - By diff command (pop)
 - Used by default for all text file
 - The result file will keep diff result
 - By semantic (dop)
 - Used for XML files to update DOM structure.
 - Two instructions: Add and Delete
- Addon may content another type of patch file





Other file types present on addon tree

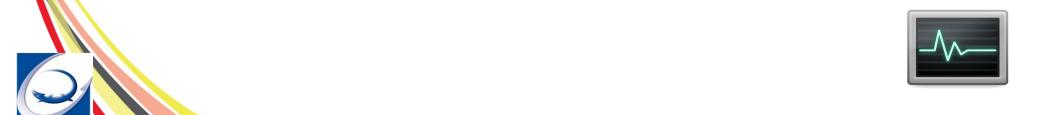
- Adding a file (cfp) :
 - Contains the entire file to create
 - Can be managed by hand
- Delete a file (dfp) :
 - The file is empty (used only to give the path file to delete)
 - Can be managed by hand
- Adding a binary file (bip): similar to CFP for binary
 - Picture, jar, tar etc...
 - Content is unreadable by human
 - Can't be managed by hand





Example

- On addon order-management we can find :
 - ./applications/order/widget/ordermgr/OrderSimpleForms.xml.0.cfp.patch
 - ./applications/order/webapp/ordermgr/WEB-INF/actions/order/OrderView.groovy.0.pop.patch
 - ./applications/order/servicedef/services.xml.0.dop.patch
- We could find that too (but not in this case)
 - ./applications/order/webapp/ordermgr/order/ordershippinginfo.ftl.0.dfp.patch



Pop Example

```
1 @@ -17,23 +17,24 @@
       KIND, either express or implied. See the License for the
3
       specific language governing permissions and limitations
       under the License.
5
   <resource xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
7
       continueproperty key="RateType.description.DISCOUNTED">
8 -
           <value xml:lang="en">Discounted Hourly Rate</value>
9 +
           <value xml:lang="eo">esperanto lanuguage</value>
           <value xml:lang="fr">Taux horaire escompté</value>
10
           <value xml:lang="it">Percentuale oraria scontata</value>
11
12
           <value xml:lang="ro">Procent Orar Redus</value>
13
           <value xml:lang="ru">Сниженные почасовые ставки</value>
           <value xml:lang="th">อัตราลดลงทุก ๆ ชั่วโมง</value>
14
15
           <value xml:lang="zh">小时价格折扣</value>
16
           <value xml:lang="zh TW">小時價格折扣
17
       </property>
       18
19
           <value xml:lang="en">Overtime Hourly Rate</value>
           <value xml:lang="eo">esperanto lanuguage</value>
20 +
21
           <value xml:lang="fr">Taux horaire des heures supplémentaires</value>
22
           <value xml:lang="it">Percentuale oraria straordinaria</value>
23
           <value xml:lang="ro">Procent Orar Straordinar</value>
           <value xml:lang="ru">Почасовые ставки при переработке</value>
24
25
           <value xml:lang="th">อัตราล่วงเวลาทุก ๆ ชั่วโมง</value>
26
           <value xml:lang="zh">加班小时价格</value>
```





Semantic patch explanation

- Don't use diff and patch command
- Works on XML file with a true DOM
- Easier to change by hand
- Very flexible => less time for maintenance



Dop Example

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
                                                                          With precise path Dom
 2 <patch>
 3
      <x:add path="/property[RateType.description.DISCOUNTED]/"</pre>
              previous="/property[RateType.description.DISCOUNTED]/">
              <value xml:lang="eo">esperanto lanuguage</value>
      </x:add>
      <x:delete path="/property[RateType.description.DISCOUNTED]/value[en]/" />
 7
      <x:add path="/property[RateType.description.OVERTIME]/"</pre>
               previous="/property[RateType.description.OVERTIME]/value[en]/">
              <value xml:lang="eo">esperanto lanuguage</value>
10
11
      </x:add>
12 </patch>
```

Without precise path Dom

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <patch>
     <x:add path="/" >
       <value xml:lang="en">Defaut type</value>
           <value xml:lang="fr">Type par defaut</value>
       </property>
     </x:add>
     <x:add path="//">
       <value xml:lang="en">Discounted rate</value>
11
           <value xml:lang="fr">Taux escompté</value>
12
13
       </property>
     </x:add>
15 </patch>
```



Addon management

- Use Addon manager
- Adding and deleting on OFBiz environment will be atomic
 - Environment stability
- Possibility to update the addon with a new modification (if open for writing)





Precision on Addon Manager

- Java application on jar format allowing addon manipulation on OFBiz environment
- It runs on OFBiz environment root
- We use acronym ADM





ADM commands

- List addons presents on the environment : adm list
- Install an addon from local repository : adm install chemin
- Install an addon from a referential : adm install [-v version] addon
- List files having in progress modifications : adm status
- See modifications performed on a file : adm diff file
- List files on an addon : adm list-file
- Uninstall addon from the environment : adm uninstall addon
- Add a file to an addon : adm add-file file
- Delete a file to an addon : adm remove-file file
- Restore a file : adm revert file
- Update file : adm update file
- Package and publish an addon : adm seal version
- List addons changing a file : adm which-addon file
 - ... and more : adm help





Addon description

- Each addon have information about its content in :
 - a file add-on.xml
 - Addon name, version, minimum ofbiz version, maintainer, license et change log
 - A directory helpdata
 - Content information on how to do to run addon
 - Why it exists
 - Informations permitting to use it (configuration, process, TNR, ...)





Example add-on.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<add-on xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2000/10/XMLSchema" xmlns:xsi="http://www.
  <groupId>org.ofbiz.framework</groupId>
  <artifactId>portplus1</artifactId>
  <name>Port Plus 1</name>
  <version>1.0.4
  <ofbiz-version>1083608</ofbiz-version>
  <changelog>
    <changeitem date="2011-03-21 10:45" version="1.0.4" >
        OHE synchronize with OFBiz 1081740 (ofbiz-containers.xml)
    </changeitem>
    <changeitem date="2011-01-31 12:09" version="1.0.3" >
        synchronize with OFBiz 1063225 (ofbiz-containers.xml)</changeitem>
    <changeitem date="2011-01-27 14:13" version="1.0.2" >
        correction in add-on.xml to respect xsd
    </changeitem>
  </changelog>
  cense>
    <name>Apache 2</name>
    <url>http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0.txt</url>
    <copyright>neogia.org</copyright>
  </license>
  <developers>
    <developer>
      <name>Malin Nicolas</name>
      <roles>
        <role>maintainer</role>
        <role>developer</role>
      </roles>
    </developer>
  </developers>
</add-on>
```



Addons and dependences

- An addon must contain a limited code
 - Necessity to divide each modification
 - Improve the sharing
 - → Causes dependences between addon
- Apache Ivy is used to define and resolve them

http://ant.apache.org/ivy





Example ivy.xml

```
<ivy-module version="2.0">|
....<info module="quote-content" organisation="org.neogia" revision="0.1.0.39-v12.04" /> |
....<dependencies>|
.....<dependency name="contentFileMgmtPortlet" org="org.neogia" rev="0.4.10.35-v12.04" transitive="true" /> |
....</dependencies>|
</ivy-module>|
</ivy-module>|
</ir>
```





Addon and version

- Define by w.x.y.z-vbranch
 - Ex: 0.1.0.39-v12.04
- The version change :
 - On each marketing announcement (w)
 - On each new functionality (x)
 - On each correction (y)
 - On each dependances upgrading version (z) (explanation after)
- Branch: linked with OFBiz branch



JIRA issues, easier

- It's easier to create a JIRA issue from an addon
 - Apply addon on OFBiz (trunk or latest branch)
 - Run svn diff and open your Jira issue
- Depending on suggestions, we can improve this addon and create the issue patch
- If the integration is too long, you can use this addon for your customer project
- After the commit, we remove addon from other addon's dependences





Version and dependence

- New problem: on each addon version change, it's necessary to make follow the version of addon that depends
 - To keep a strict versioned tree
 - To notify all changes
- Impossible to manage it by hand
- Move the problem to an addon repository





Addon repository

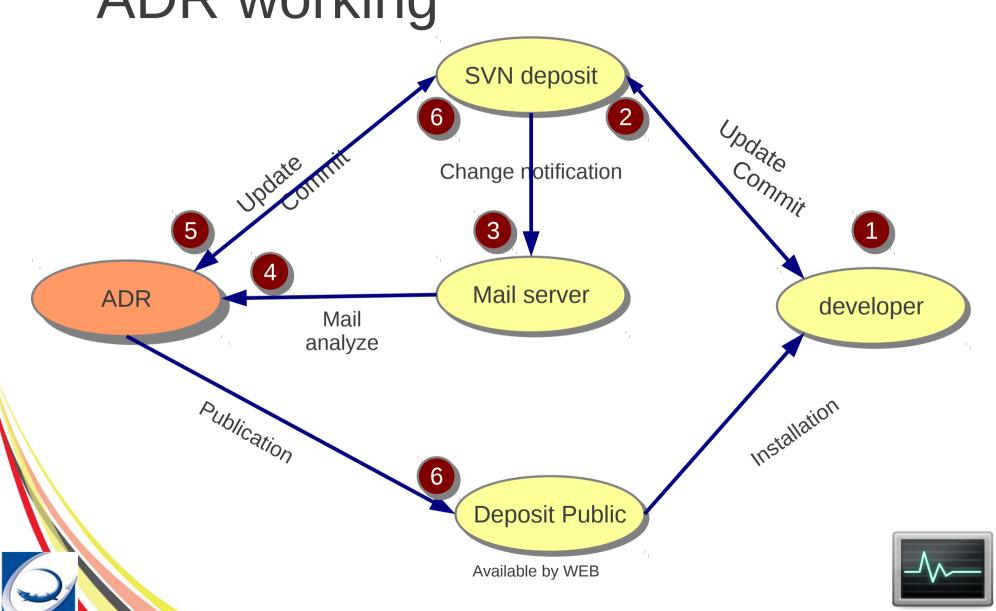
- Why ADR (Addon Repository Manager) ?
 - Each modification implicate a version update
 - Need to update all dependences by recursive process
 - Automatic publication of each new version for ADM resolution





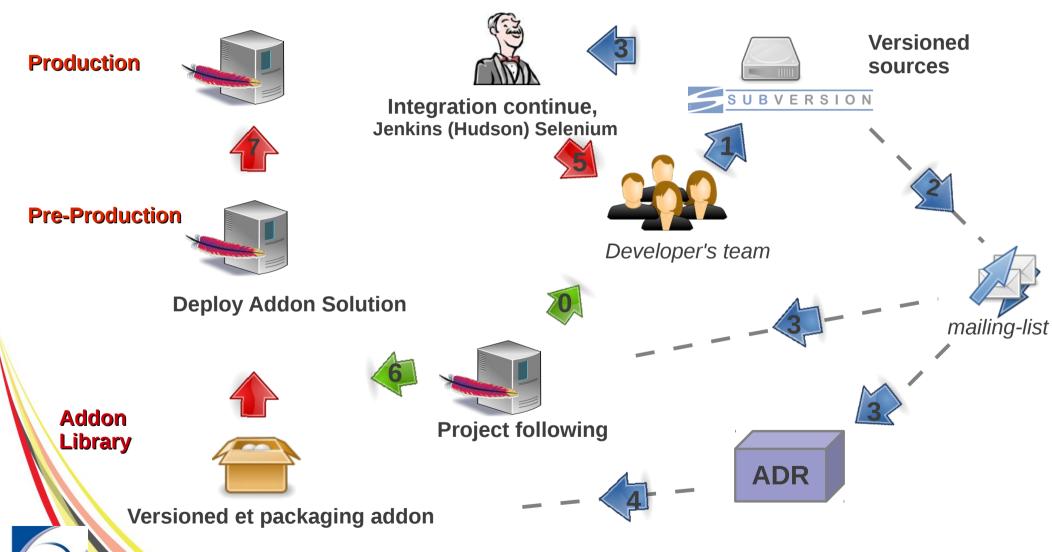
ADR working

NÉRÉIDE





Addon, Adr and Jenkins!





To finish

- Addons resolve our historic issues
 - Working on our own customer's project continuing to follow OFBiz evolution
 - Easier modification application
 - Good segmentation of each improvement
 - Simplify the jira issue creation, help to involve on OFBiz community
- Good identification on which addon version need to be used for OFBiz version





To finish

- However it implicates a rigor and a working method to get a quality result
- We still find methods to work on our own projects management
- There is still so much to discover...

Thanks, and I believe that it's time to eat!



